TELEGRAPHIC

From All Parts of the World.

MOVING ON CABUL.

The Beaconsfield Government to Appeal to the Country.

TO BE OR NOT TO BE-CREMATED

Gladstone Declares English Liberty in Danger.

> [BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LONDON, Dec. 1, 1878.

A signalling party, under Major Pearson, was attacked by the Afreedies, one of the Hill tribes, on November 29, on a hill opposite the Khyber Pass. Two men of Major Pearson's troop of horse were killed and one man wounded. The Khyber Pass is blocked and several convoys have returned. A company of the Ninth regiment and the Forty-fifth Sikhs have been sent to the scene of action, whence firing has been heard, but the result is unknown. Continued heavy firing has also been heard near Ali Musiid since Friday. The trouble with the Afreedies is not serious. Only one tribe is hostile.

A SPEECH FROM GLADSTONE.

Mr. Gladstone, in a speech at Greenwich lsst night, inveighed against personal government, but carefully excluded from his remarks the Sovereign, whom he declared a model for her subjects, ever faithful to the constitution. He reproached the government for not communicating anything for years to Parliament relative to Afghan affairs and the question of sending a mission to Cabul, and said:-"War has been de clared and an invasion begun before Parliament is convoked. Parliament, formerly the grand council of the nation, now resemble the Parliament of France before a great revolution." To the argument that the government is supported by the majority, Mr. Gladstone replies that Parliament has no right to renounce its privileges. He solemnly warns the British people not to abandon the principles of liberty which made its happiness Speaking of the Afghan war he declared that money spent therein is spent for the dishonor of England, and that her responsibilities will commence with her victory. He refutes Viscount Cranbrooks' insinuation that the liberal government of 1873 instructed Lord Northbrook postpone the conclusion of a treaty with the neer; shows that the liberal administration lid not estrange the Ameer, and that the present administration has incurred a hxavy re-sponsibility, which the people will share unless they overshrow the government at the elections. He declares the present war an unjust war, which will weigh upon the national conscience, and reminds his hearers that Lady Macbeth's words, "Here is the smell of blood," ar still a powerful peroration, and that unjust wars lead

CREMATION CONSIDERED. The authorities of Munich have asked the opinions of the Protestant, Catholic and Israelite congregations and the Board of Health on the subject of permissive cremation. The Catholics will have nothing to do with cremation; the Israelites refuse to express an opinion; the Protestants say it would only imply a change of directions in the liturgy, and the Board of Health recommend cremation in the following contingencies:-First, after battles; sec and during enidemics: third for the conveyance of remains to distant parts, and fourth, where the soil is unsuitable for burial purposes. The authorities have postponed their decision of the question. BRITISH POLICY FORESHAPWED.

The Many hester Guardian's London correspondent says :- "It is stated that the forthcoming session of will be dissolved and a general election held in January. I mention this rumor with reserve, though it is believed by many who are in a position to know what is going on, and the fact is undoubted that the conservative electoral machinery is displaying unwonted energy, Count Schouvaloff's mission is creating uneasiness, merely because nobody seems to know what is going on." Count Schouvaloff, according to Russian journals, has no instructions to ask of the English government explanations respect ing Afghanistan. The London correspondent of the Paris Journal des Debats contradicts the statement that England has demanded from Russia explanations concerning General Kaufmann's speech on the occasion of his delivery of a sword from the Czar to Mundsha Mohammed Hassan, chief of the Afghan Legation at Tashkend, to be transmitted by him to the Ameer at Cabul. St. Peters burg journals go a great deal further, and state that all reports of a speech made by General Kaufmann on presenting a sword to the Ameer's envoy are fabrica tions and they are officially denied.

In the Austro-Hungarian Budget Committee at Pesth yesterday Count Andrassy, in a long speech, disproved the charge that Austria wishes territorial aggrandizement, and said the occupation of Bosnia became inevitable unless Austria intended to abdicate the position of a great Power Muhktar Pacha has left Constantinople to assume command in Epirus and Thessaly. He is instructed to wait for the Greek Envoys at Jamina to commend negotiations relative to the frontier. SOCIALISM IN GERMANY.

THE EASTERN QUESTION

It is stated in official circles that the recent repressive measures were not taken without good cause. Associations similar to the Mazzinian Association are spreading throughout Germany. Especially are they strong in Berlin. The National Gazette says the country has by no means seen the last of these measures. Other papers mention the seizure of Orsini bombs at Hamburg.

CABLE NOTES. The King of Denmark and his Cabinet have decided to dissolve the Chamber because of its refusal to vote a subsidy to repair the damages caused by the negro insurrection in Santa Cruz.

discussing a project for taxing American cotton imports. It was erroneously stated in these despatches that it was the British Council of State that was dis cussing this project.

The government of France, at the request of the Porte, has nominated two Custom House Inspectors for the Turkish revenue service. A similar request addressed by the Porte to the government of Eng-

land has not yet been answered. NO MORE YELLOW FEVER.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30, 1878. White frost occurred here Thursday, Friday and today. There have been no deaths from yellow fever for the past four days.

RAILROAD LITIGATION.

In the matter of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company against the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railway Company, and certain other rail-St. Louis Railway Company, and certain other railway companies, Judge Gresham, of the United States Court, to-day ordered the Indianapolis and St. Louis Company to pay into court monthly thirty per cent of their gross carnings, and enjoined them from paying any interest due on bonds held by the companies who are guarantors for the Indianapolis and St. Louis Company, or to pay any moneys advanced by them unless said thirty per cent shall exceed the minimum rental agreed to be paid the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Company. This order to hold until the final hearing of the case. KENTUCKY'S CIVIL WAR.

BREATHITT COUNTY STILL UNDER ARMED CON-TROL-CONSTANT FIRING KEPT UP-COURTS CLOSED-NO PROMISE OF PEACE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

LEXINGTON, Nov. 30, 1878.

Communication with the town of Jackson, in Breathitt county, is almost entirely cut off, and news from the seat of war is difficult to obtain. A special to the Lexington Press, from Mount Sterling, gives the information that the armed factions still hold the town and slay each other as opportunity offers. At last reports fighting was still in progress, maintained principally by sharpshooters, both parties having thrown up barricades and entrenchments. The party headed by Ned Strong, an old rebel soldier, who served as an officer in the Fifth Kentucky regiment under the Senator elect from Kentucky, old "Cerro Gordo Williams," hold the Court House and the jail. The latter is protected by a barricade and defended by men accustomed to rife practice. The murderer Little is still in jail, and so long as circum stances remain as they are there is small probability of his release.

The Judge of the Circuit Court has disappeared, no one knows where. The Special Judge who has been elected is unable to serve, from the fact that the mob would permit no court to be held. The County Judge is dead and buried, and the Sheriff is penned up in the beleaguered town, his deputy, who is also the Sheriff elect, being the leader of the enemy. Official information, therefore, of the condition of things in Jackson can hardly be sent out of the town.

Tom Little, who was shot through the body while addressing the mob at the jail door, did not die until the next day. In revenge for the shot that laid him low, several mortal wounds have been inflicted. If only the rioters were killed there would be little to complain of, but non-combatting citizens have been hit and in a few instances killed by erratic bullets that had been sent on a voyage of discovery. Firing has been sustained from the houses adjacent to the Jail, which are now in the possession of the Sheriff's party.

NO PROSPECT OF ORDER. At last accounts there was no abatement of the dis turbance and none likely to be without more bloodshed and violence. As far as can be ascertained Governor McCreery has no official notification of the disturbance. He is not at the capital and telegrams either fail to find him or he declines to give the information asked for. The people are verywhere talking of the necessity of sending the militia, as was done before, to restore order in Breathitt county, but nothing whatever has been done. The undertaking is of some magnitude. The militia sent to that place before numbered eighty. This is a much more serious disturbance, and ac cording to the judgment of Captain Hendricks, who commanded them, at least a detachment of two hundred men will be required for its suppression.

THE INDIAN PROBLEM.

THREATENING INDICATIONS OF A RECURRENCE OF HOSTILITIES NEXT SPRING. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

OMARA, Neb., Nov. 30, 1878.

General Crook, General Ingalls, General Ludington, Colonel Thornburgh and G. A. Collins returned this evening from San Francisco, where they have been for several weeks. The HERALD correspondent ob-tained from General Crook to-night the following regarding Indian affairs. From information received on the coast of a merely incidental nature it is learned that the hostile Bannocks are nearly all captured or returned. Apprehension still exists in many quarters of renewed troubles in Oregon and Washington this coming spring. and some Indians are reported as being discontented regarding their reservations. When asked his opinion of affairs in this department General Crook said there for the coming year is not improved. He had cantioned stockmen and settlers some years ago to organize and put a stop to stealing Indian ponies. Nothing was done, however, and prominent stockmen, it was stated on good authority, openly purchased stolen ponies offered for sale in the streets of Ogalalla. These robberies have been of long continuance, and the Red Cloud and Spotted Tail Sioux, thoroughly exasperated as they were, not only steal ponies too, but might imagurate a sandden war and sweep the stockmen and settlers of Central and Northern Nebraska from the face of the earth. The Sioux were formerly rich in ponies but their numbers are now much reduced. A year ago renegate whites stole 1,000 from them, and the Sioux, who visit the responsibility for such acts on the government, called on Crook for an explanation, and said the whites repaid their friendship thus. Thefts continue and efforts to stop them white encouraged by the stockmen are unavailing. The Sioux are feeling very hitter toward the whites. General Crook says the Cheyennes recently captured in the Sand Hills for the coming year is not improved. He had

the Stocking and the whites. General Crook says the Cheyennes recently captured in the Sand Hills are still confined in Camp Bobinson, The captured Bannecks are at Fort Hall and Camp Brown. The government has made no disposition of them.

AN OFFICER KILLED.

Information was received here to-day of the murder a few days since, on I. P. Oliver's cattle ranch, near Plumb Creek, of an officer named Henry Stevens, who was attempting to arrest a cattle thief, and was shot by a second thief named Ketcham. Being mortally wounded, Stevens responded with a shot, which killed Ketcham. Yesterday a party of twenty cow boys was organized and started out to avenge Stevens' death and rid the country of cattle thieves.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30, 1878, The Ticonderoga, Commodore Shufeldt's ship, which made a safe run from Portsmouth, N. H., to Norfolk, will be docked for a thorough inspection previous to her leaving for the coast of Africa. shaft, which is thought to be slightly out of line, will be adjusted. She is entirely seaworthy.

Commanders R. W. Meade and Montgomery Sicard are ordered to temporary special duty at Washington on revision of the ordnance instruction.

Lieutenant Commander F. M. Greene is detached from the command of the Guard and placed on wait-

from the command of the Guard and placed on waiting orders. Lieutenant Samuel Belden, Masters Corwin P. Rees and Downs L. Wilson, Ensigns J. C. Colwell, E. J. Dorn and W. W. Nostrand, Passed Assistant Surgeon J. C. Boyd and Boatswain William Long are detached from the Guard and placed on waiting orders.

Assistant Paymaster C. J. Lewis is detached from the Guard and ordered to settle accounts.

Madshipman R. T. Mulligan is detached from the Powhattan and ordered to proceed home and await orders.

ARRIVAL OF THE PLYMOUTH AT PORTSMOUTH,

N. H. PORTSMOUTH, Nov. 30, 1878. The United States steamship Plymouth arrived a

the Navy Yard this forenoon from Norfolk. She will go out of commission and be repaired here.

WAR ON CROOKED WHISKEY. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 30, 1878, The United States District Court for the Third district of this State adjourned to-day after having found 828 indictments against the moonshiners and illicit distillers and strikers on the government works at distillers and strikers on the government works at this city. Five moonshiners of a gang of fourteen who have been operating in this section of the State for about twenty years were convicted and sentenced to the Penitentiary. There is evidence in the posses-sion of the District Attorney that will lead to the ar-rest and conviction of the greater number of the band of moonshiners and illicit distillers in this section. Several of the deputy marshals have been fired upon by moonshipers.

ORDER OF AMERICAN UNION.

POPE LEO'S CIRCULAR LETTER TO THE CLERGY. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

BALTIMORE, Nov. 30, 1878. Archbishop Gibbons was called upon this evening by your correspondent for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or falsity of the statement that Pope Leo had communicated officially with him on the subject of the Order of the American Union. The letter published early last week from Rome on this subject he admitted had been received by him, and copies were forwarded to other archibishops and bishops throughout the country. The Archbishops aid he had decimed to turnish it for publication, and expressed surprise at having seen it in type. He declined positively to converse on the subject.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

DEADWOOD, D. T., Nov. 30, 1878. M. L. Cook, who has been tried and convicted of the murder of Mrs. Minnie C. Allison on August 20 last, was this evening sentenced to be hanged on January 28 next. The court seem was very affecting, the Judge completely breaking down while passing the sontence. LOUISIANA ELECTION TROUBLES.

THE COLORED MEN FIRST TO COMMIT A BREACH OF THE PEACE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HEBALD.] NEW OBLEANS, Nov. 30, 1878.

I have used every effort to get at the perfect and exact truth of the late reported outrages in different parts of the State, but so far only with partial success. There seems, however, no doubt as to point in both the Tensas and Caddo difficulties; that in both of these the fight was opened by the negroes and was not begun on the part of the whites until several of their number had fallen. In Caddo a mob of negrees had assembled within a adius of a mile of the polls, with arms in their hands, threatening to break up the election. The Commissioners of Election called upon the Sheriff to disperse this assemblage, which was expressly against the law, and prevent the threatened outrage. In attempting to do this several of the Sheriff's posse were shot down. The negroes who were killed in the fight which followed were all armed. In Temsas parish I learn, through republican sources, that the difficulties originated first between a mounted company of whites who were returning from Temsas after most of the negroes had dispersed, and a small body of negroes more violent than the rest, who would not leave. The fight here, too, it is stated, was begun by the negroes.

The reason assigned for the attempted destruction of the returns of St. Mary's parish, in which Newman nearly lost his life, was not suggested by Newman but imagined by Dibbell, namely that, if the ballot boxes could be destroyed, there being nearly a tie between the two opposing candidates, the Governor would appoint a democrat to the office. This the Governor emphatically declared he did not intend to do, if there was any reason to suppose that a republican had been elected.

INTERIOR QUARANTINES AS POLITICAL ENGINES. I have just been informed, on republican authority, that the interior quarantines played a novel and remarkable part in the late election in actually prohibiting the party making a thorough canvass of the State; and indeed it is authoritatively asserted that these quarantines are responsible, and not the republican party in the late campaign, and that the democrats used them as an important part of their political machinery. If this is true, they should certainly be abolished.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION. disperse this assemblage, which was expressly against

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

MARTIN, REPUBLICAN, RECEIVES A CERTIFICATE OF ELECTION TO CONGRESS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 30, 1878. RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 30, 1878.

The State Canvassing Board to-day, after asserting that they did not recognize the right of Judge Seymore to enjoin them from canvassing the vote of the Second district, yet in respect to the judiciary they would postpone the count until December 18, as re would postpone the count until December 18, as requested by the restraining order of the Judge. O'Hara will now have a mandamus issued to compel the canvassers of the counties of Edgeombe, Lenoir and Craven to count the votes heretofore thrown out, which, if successful, will elect him. The Board refused to grant the motion of Yeattes' counsel to throw out the Pasquatank county returns, but counted the votes as returned, which gives Martin, republican, the certificate. Yeattes will contest the seat before Congress. The Board is democratic and is praised by all parties for fairness and impartiality.

SPRINGFIELD CITY ELECTION.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

Springereld, Mass., Nov. 30, 1878.

The citizens' caucus to-day nominated by acclama tion L. J. Powers Talbot, republican, for Mayor. He will be elected on Tuesday, probably, by a handsome majority, as the citizens generally are tired of Mayor Wright's standstill, penurious policy. The Fancuil Hall democrats propose to hang out the forlorn hope of a candidate.

A. & W. SPRAGUE'S ESTATE.

SUIT IN BEHALF OF A SUSPENDED BANK. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 30, 1878. house of A. & W. Sprague in the Supreme Court to-day, when the case of Winthrop Dewelf. as receiver of the Cranston Savings Bank, was called. It was an action to recover the amount due the bank upon a note and sundry drafts made by the Spragues before their failure, in 1873. The principal of the entire set amounted to \$727,000. This crippled the bank to such an extenthat it was obliged to close its doors. There is no dispute regarding the amount, but the case was before the court, jury trial having previously been waived upon several questions-viz., first, whether the drafts upon several questions—viz., first, whether the drafts should draw six per cent interest, the legal rate in the State, or seven per cent, the legal rate in New York, where the acceptors of the notes live; second, whether each of the sheriffs of the three counties in which the original writ was served is entitled to full poundage fees, or whether these fees are to be taxed but once and be divided among them; third, whether certain mortgage notes of the defendant, left as collateral but not sued on, should be left on the files of the court with the original notes which were sued on. The case was held for advisement, and the decision, which will affect prospective litigation, will be awaited with interest.

A FLOOD IN NORTH CAROLINA.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 30, 1878.

Reports from the Roanoke section of North Carolina state that the bottom lands along the Roanoke River are submerged for miles from the boanks, and that great loss will be sustained by the destruction of standing corn, cut lumber, cord wood and other property exposed to the freshets. The rains have been very heavy in the mountains and the floods are coming down with a tremendous rush. At Weldon the water is twenty feet above the usual level and is still rising.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER
WASHINGTON, Dec. 1—1 A. M. Indications.

For New England, clear weather, followed by in reasing cloudiness and probably by rain; northerly winds, veering to easterly; stationary or higher tem perature, rising followed by falling barometer. For the Middle Atlantle States, increasing cloudines,

and rain, cold northerly, veering to warmer southeasterly winds, lower pressure. For the South Atlantic States, warmer, cloudy rainy weather, variable winds, mostly southerly,

lower pressure. For the East Gulf States, cloudy, rainy weather,

warm southerly veering to colder northwest winds, falling followed by rising barometer. For the West Gulf States, cloudy and rainy, followed by clearing weather, winds shifting to colder

northwesterly, higher pressure. For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, cloudy, rather warm easterly winds, falling barometer, generally followed by rising barometer and colder northwest

For the lower lake region, increasing cloudiness followed by rain or snow, variable winds, stationary

or higher temperature, followed by falling barom-For the upper lake region and Upper Mississippi

Valley, partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain of now, variable winds, stationary be higher temperature, generally lower pressure.

For the Lower Missouri Valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, northerly winds shifting to southerly, stationary or higher temperature and lower pres

The Lower Ohio River will rise. The temperature will remain above freezing in the

On and after December 15 the display of cautionary signals will be suspended on the lakes.
Frosts will occur in the West Gulf States to-morrow

Cautionary signals continue at Cleveland, Section Five, Sandusky, Toledo, Grand Haven, Section Three, Chicago, Milwaukee, Section One, and are ordered for

Cautionary off shore signals continue at Indianola and Galveston.

The following record will show the changes in the emperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, Hunan Building, No. 218 Broadway :—

		1877. 1	878.			1877.	1878.
3 A. M		. 29	33	3:30	P. M	. 36	50
6 A. M		. 27	37	6 P.	M	. 33	45
9 A. M			39	9 P.	M	. 29	42
12 M		. 33	47		M		41
Average	tempe	rature	yeste	rday.			42
Average	temper	rature f	or co	rrespa	inding da	te last	
							30%
						1877.	1878.
Weekly	averag	e				. 46	45

WASHINGTON.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30, 1878. THE ALLEGED SUPPRESSION OF THE TURKISH EMBASSY.

The Turkish Minister says that he has no information concerning the purpose of his government in discontinuing the Legation at Washington. The publication of the telegram to-day from Constantinople is the first intimation that the Minister has had any such intention, and he cannot deny or affirm the correctness of the report. QUESTION OF EXPEDITING RUSINESS IN THE

SENATE.

One of the Southern Democratic Senators says that he understands the President's purpose to be to promptly send to the Senate at the earliest moment all Executive business that can be properly sent, so that an extra session of the Senate may sary. Of course that body will determine in its own way the prompt or dilatory methods of disposing of important nominations, but the disposition is manifested among the leading Senators to act promptly. GREENBACKERS ORGANIZING FOR 1880.

A number of the leading members of the national greenback party have arrived in Washington for the purpose of holding a meeting to devise a plan of action for the Presidential campaign. Among those who are registered at the hotels are Moses W. Field, of Detroit; E. A. Allis, of Milwaukee; James Buchanan, of Indianapolis: Rev. J. D. Le Matyr, of Indiana; T. H. Murch, of Rockland, Me., the last two members of Congress elect. These gentlemen, with others, have been in secret session to-day, but did not do anything of a definite character, adjourning until Monday, when some thirty more of the greenback advocates are to be here and the Convention will be duly organized.

CANAL RECEIPTS.

BUFFALO, Nov. 30, 1878. The Canal Collector at this port makes the follow-

Decrease 1878..... \$2,909 72 Number of clearances November, 1878...... 897 Increase 1878.....\$160,576 50 Number clearances for season, 1878. 9,027 Same time 1877. 6,908

A MINISTER ON A SPREE.

Increase 1878...... 2,119

REV. MR. STEVENSON'S LAPSE FROM SOBRIETY. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

DAYTON, Ohio, Nov. 30, 1878. The Methodist Church has received one of the se verest shocks on its record by the arrest last night of Rev. J. W. Stevenson, of Piqua, who was appointed Presiding Elder of Dayton district by the Cincinnati Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Stevenson's home is in Piqua, near Dayton, He is a man in the prime of life, and has obtained a high reputation in the Church for cloquence and earnestness in his calling. He has been prominent in

earnestness in his calling. He has been prominent in temperance movements and regarded as an exemplary man, and one of the ablest ministers in the West. Last night he was arrested on the public street of the city in a state of beastly intoxication, followed by a crowd of boys, and stopping ladies as they passed and throwing his arms around them. He was arrested by an officer after a severe struggle, in which Stevenson was thrown down in the mud in the gutter before he was overpowered. He was carried to the police station and put in a cell, where he sank into a drunken stupor.

His identity was not discovered until after his arrest, when a number of clergymen were informed and came to the prison to assist him. They could hardly recognize him in the fifth and dit of his appearance, but his release was obtained, and he pleaded guilty to-day to a charge of drunkenness. The affair has caused intense feeling in the religious communities. Stevenson is said to be suffering from nervous prostration, caused by family trouble, and to be mentally deranged. He denies all knowledge of his actions to-day. The police of the city say that he has been seen here several times at late hours of night, frequenting a house of bad repute, and that he has registered at out of the way hotels under assumed names.

FATHER COONEY'S OBSEQUIES.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] NEWPORT. R. L. Nov. 30, 1878.

The funeral of the late Rev. E. J. Cooney, of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Providence, was solemnized in that city to-day. The church was friends. Bishop Henricken was assisted in the solemn requiem mass by the Very Rev. James Hughes, of Hartford; the Rev. A. Clampi, of Georgetown, D. C., and the leading pastors of the diocese.

PROMOTION OF COMMERCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.] TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 30, 1878.

The following gentlemen were to-day appointed by Governor McClellan to attend the Convention at New Orleans for the promotion of American commerce, to be held in that city December 3:—Benjamin G. Clark, Jersey City: Edward T. Green, Trenton; John Hop-per, Paterson; Thomas McKeon, Camden, and A. M. Reynolds, Jersey City.

SUICIDE OF A SOLDIER.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

BISMARCK, D. T., Nov. 30, 1878, Corporal Noonan shot and killed himself to-day at Fort Lincoln. Noonan was the third husband of the supposed woman who recently died at Fort Lincoln but proved to be a man.

FRANKLIN SEARCH PARTY.

A LETTER FROM LIEUTENANT SCHWATKA-HIS PLANS.

DEPOT ISLAND, HUDSON BAY, B. A., August 9, 1878. Chief Justice Daly, President American Geographical Society, New York :-DEAN SIR-The vessel Eothen, with the Franklin

search party on board, arrived here yesterday, and after consultation with the natives here I have determined to make this place my quarters for the winter.

One of the Nachillas from whom Captain Barry received the Franklin information is dead, and the other is reported at Whale Point, to which place I shall send him word to join me as soon as I have time. Depot Island is about half way between Cape Fullerton and the mouth of Chesterfield Inlet, and

time. Depot island is about nair way between Cape Fullerton and the mouth of Chesterfield Iniet, and that shore, about one hundred miles in length, is very poorly aurveyed, if it can be said to be surveyed at all. On the Admiralty chart it is represented as an almost straight line dotted with a few islands, while in sight at this place alone I find two inlets from ten to thirty miles in depth. I shall survey this during this autumn or winter.

When I meet the missing Nachilla, should our route take us to King William Land, I shall go by way of the Chesterfield Iniet, Quoich River, across to Back's Fish River and thence down it to the island; should it take us to Boothia, or in that direction. I shall go by Roe's Welcome, Repulse Bay, &c.—the old route of Rae to the western coast of the Melville Peninsula. I dosire very much to be able to return so as to survey from Igloolik along the eastern coast of Fox Channel. The natives accounts would show that the northern portion of this channel expands rapidly, forming an immense bay connected to Hudson Bay by the Fox Channel, with the Quif of Boothia by the Fury and Heela Strait. There is also a passage from this bay to Cumberland Inlet by a river to Lake Kennedy, thence by another river flowing cast to Irvince Inlet (Hall), which empties into Northumberland Inlet. This latter passage forms an island out of the Meta Ineognita Land.

The prospects of the expedition are favorable, and at the least much unknown country can be mapped. Very respectfully, your obbedient servant,

FREDERICK SCHWATKA,

Lieutenant Third United States Cavairy, Commanding Franklin Search Party.

Lieutenant Third United States Cavalry, Co.

Franklin Search Party. THE POMMERANIA DISASTÉR.

FURTHER LIST OF THE LOST. The New York agents of the Hamburg-American a despatch stating that the following are among the lost on the Pommerania:—
H. Muller, second cabin passenger,
O. Fokkes, second officer,
W. Zarnow, third officer,
O. Helms, chief engineer,
Dr. I. Scheiding. Steamship Company aunounce that they have received

OUR BLUNDERING POLICE.

ARREST AND ARRAIGNMENT OF A LADY IN A POLICE COURT ON AN UNFOUNDED CHARGE. Several times of late public attention has been drawn to the trouble which inoffensive people have suffered and the notoriety into which they have been forced by the blunders of police officials. Another instance of it was yesterday brought to light, when Mrs. Kate Cross was taken to the Essex Market Police Court by a couple of Central Office detectives for the pose of being discharged by a magistrate xonerated from a charge for had suffered a night's imprisonment and the worry and anxiety incident to it. The blunder was a peculiar one, and the officers who commit it have the plea of mistaken identity shield them, but the aggrieved lady shield them, but the aggrieved lady declares her purpose of legally testing whether a supposed resemblance to an offender can justify her incarceration and the unpleasant publicity into which she has been driven. Mrs. Cross, on her production at the Central Office, was accredited with various aliases, which gave her quite a criminal flavor, and led the evening papers to indulge in various sagacious conjectures about the nature of her offence, which official prudence had entered on the books under the vague head of "suspicious person." The truth seems to be that Mrs. Cross has no alias other than "De Kalb." a nom de plume over which she writes for several papers. Further, this was really the name she bore during the lifetime of her first husband, a Prussian officer, with whom she passed through the perils of the Franco-German war, and as such it could hardly be construed into an alias to conceal an identity coming under the ban of the law. Mrs. Cross, according to her statement, came to this country during the Centennial in the capacity of a London Timez correspondent, and as such she has remained in this city performing like functions for a couple of Canadian journals. On Friday, it appears, a lady named Clark, residing at the St. Denis Hotel, on retiring, hung up a couple of silk dresses on a rack. It was close to a door which opened into an adjoining bed chamber, and from it, during the night, the occupants of this apartment took the appared and went off with it in the morning. A description of the pair—a young man and a lady-was given to Detectives Dunn and Wood, and it seemed to correspond in several particulars with Mrs. Cross and 2 male acquaintance of hers, who was first singled out for arrest. On Friday evening the detectives went to Mrs. Cross' pla e of residence, in Nineteenth street, and under some pretext induced her to accompany them to the Central Office, where they startled her by the announcement that she was a prisoner. She protested: urged that she could prove she was elsewhere than in the hot clares her purpose of legally testing whether a supposed resemblance to an offender can justify

HOW WAS HE INJURED?

As officer. Donahue, of the Sixteenth precinct, was passing along Fourth avenue yesterday morning, he saw a large crowd collected around a man lying on the sidewalk near Twenty-seventh street. After dispersing those assembled, he asked the man what was the trouble. He answered the officer unintelligibly and seemed dazed. The officer took him to the police station, and in the afternoon he was taken to the Jefferson Market Court, where he gave his name as James Irwin, thirty-seven years of age, a horsesheer, and charged with drunkenness. During the evening it was discovered that he was in terrible suffering, and was then removed to Believue Hospital where it was discovered that his skull was fractured. Inquiries last night in the neighborhood where the man was found failed to discover any clew as to how the man got his injuries.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Congressmen Thomas Ewing, of Ohio; Frank Hiscock, of Syracuse, and George A. Bagley, of Water-town, N. Y., and State Senator Dennis McCarthy, of Syracuse, are at the Fifth Avenue. William Henry Trescot, of South Carolina, is at the Brevoort. Ex-Congressman C. T. Hulburd, of St. Lawrence county, N. Y., is at the Astor. William Bliss, general muna-ger of the Boston and Albany Railroad, is at the Brunswick. Captain Land, of the steamship City of

ANOTHER FAT MAN REDUCED.

H. A. Kufus, dealer in dry goods, Woodhull, Ill., writes
Botanic Medicine Company, Buffalo, N. Y., June 22, 1878;—
"Gentlemen—Please find enclosed \$5, for which send me,
by express, ANT-FAT. I have taken one bottle and I lost
five and on-equatter pounds."

A.—THE REMEDIAL POWER OF MAGNETISM. In all ages there has been more or less recognition of the wonderful efficacy exerted by the Invisible but powerful influence called animal magnetism, but it has been to served for modern times to fully demonstrate its mar-vellous control over numerous forms of diseases, and witness thousands of cures effected through its subtle witness thousands of cures effected through its su agency. The most successful practitioners of the magn treatment are Irs. Darrin. For years they have development are Irs. Darrin. For years they have development of the principal cities of Europe and America. The practic magnetism is based on the most strict laws of science, is in harmony with natural laws. It may be briefly status —Disease, in a word, is obstruction—the result of impaired vital force, and it is at least accompanied, if caussed, by deranged organic motion. These deran ments can only be radically removed by inducing a currence of the normal or healthy action. A cure can be effected by calling in the sid of these electromagns or vital forces, which are concerned in all organic changes or vital forces, which are concerned in all organic changes or vital forces, which are concerned in all organic changes or vital forces, which are concerned in all organic changes or vital forces, which can be had by visiting or addressing the with stamp, at 41 West 55th st., New York. They give examptions are from 10 to 4, and treat the needy poor free da from 9 to 10 A. M. Charges for office treatment are at a rate of six visits for \$40. The Doctors will visit patients their homes after office hours.

The following cures yeak volumes for the Doctors' most treatment:—Mr. William II, King, Jr., of 40 Bleecker and visit in the contraction. their homes after office hours.

The following cures speak volumes for the Doctors' mode of treatment:—Mr. William H. King, Jr., of 49 Bleecker st. New York, has been sorely afflicted for two years with rhemmatism, dyspepsia, liver compliant, piles, bronchitis, sleeplessness and nervousness. Miss D. S. Peck, of Minus. Conn., was treated successfully for scredulous affection ten varsage. Mr. A. C. Bisley, Montrose, Pa., writes that his wife's nother was cared of a tumor fourteen years ago. Scores of others might be mentioned.

Oh, maiden with grim teeth, avaunt!
Though fair you seem to look upon,
Because you don't use Sozonox;
The sweetness of your month is gone;
Your breath is heavy, and, from this,
Your lips no more invite a kiss.

Magic of the Mouth.—Fragrant Sozobont renders the mouth enchanting. Composed of rare antiseptic herbs, it imparts whiteness to the teeth, a delicious flower-like aroma to the breath, and preserves intact, from youth to age, the teeth. Druggists keep it.

aroma to the breath, and preserves intact, from youth to ago, the teeth. Drugrists keep it.

A.—A.—A CARD TO THE PUBLIC.

Dr. RYANS invites the public, and especially those sceptical as to his wonderful magneto psychological power over disease, to attend his free clinics at GRAND CENTRAL HALls, corner 47th 8t. and Broadway, where he publicly "heals the sick" every Saturday morning, from 9 to 11 o'clock. TESTIMON of physicians and others:—4. G. Buckholtz, M. D., residence: 61 West 57th 8t., had been a great sufferer from an affection of the spine, kidneys, Ac., for twelve years. After a few treatments by Dr. Evans was completely restored. Mrs. Priest, 525 West 51st 8t, paralysis of face, causing olindness of eye and total deal-mess of one car. Curred by three magnetic treatments. Mr. Waish, 327 West 43d st., dyspepsia in Ms worst formion statem year. Street of the priest form of the spine of the priest form called the priest form called the form of the priest form called remarks of head and face for the years. Curred to four treatments. Mr. Cain, 140 West 51st St., or ripple from called remarks of head and face for the years. Curred to the called may be referred to by calling at his PARLORS, 20 West 21th st.

A .-- A. A.—A.

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